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MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 2, 2016/2017

BAB2024 – MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGERS

(All sections / Groups)

24 FEBRUARY 2017 3.00 pm - 5.00 pm (2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. This Question paper consists of 4 pages with 4 Questions only.
- 2. Answer ALL Questions in the answer booklet provided.

QUESTION 1

Double Bounce Trampolines produces two models of trampolines for backyard fun. The "Original", and the recently introduced "Deluxe". The Deluxe model introduced several safety features that were intended to scare overly protective parents into upgrading. Since its introduction, the deluxe model has been increasing in sales, but at the same time, the company's profits have been declining. The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) believes that the company's traditional costing system may be to blame. Currently, the company uses direct-labour hours as the basis for applying overhead. The company estimates that it will incur RM600,000 in overhead costs in the next year.

The following cost data is known:

| | Original | Deluxe |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Direct Materials | RM50 | RM75 |
| Direct Labour (RM10 per hour) | 2 hours | 3 hours |
| Number of units produced | 7,000 units | 2,000 units |

The CFO wishes to explore an activity-based costing system

| Activity (Cost Driver) | Estimated MOH | Expected Activity | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| | | Standard | Deluxe | Total |
| Assembly(Labour Hours) | RM100,000 | 14,000 | 6,000 | 20,000 |
| Receiving(Receiving Reports) | 200,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 4,000 |
| Testing (Number of Tests) | 300,000 | 200 | 800 | 1,000 |
| | RM600,000 | | | |

Required:

- a) Under the traditional costing method:
 - i) Compute the predetermined overhead rate.

(2 marks)

ii) Determine the unit cost of each product.

(4 marks)

- b) Under activity based costing:
 - i) Compute the activity rates for each activity.

(12 marks)

ii) Determine the expected unit cost of each product.

(4 marks)

c) Comment on your answers from parts (a) and (b) above.

(1 marks)

d) If ABC produces more accurate cost data, why is it not more widely used?

(2 marks)

(Total 25 marks)

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QUESTION 2

Lee Lee manufactures beverages for the Malaysian market. The following data relate to its July 31, 2017 fiscal year end:

| Raw materials inventory, August 1, 2016 | RM185,000 |
|--|------------|
| Raw materials inventory, July 31, 2017 | 140,000 |
| Work in process inventory, August 1, 2016 | 25,000 |
| Work in process inventory, July 31, 2017 | 35,000 |
| Finished goods inventory, August 1, 2016 | 375,000 |
| Finished goods inventory, July 31, 2017 | 390,000 |
| Direct labour | 1,200,000 |
| Sales commissions | 400,000 |
| Factory supervisors' wages | 240,000 |
| Company president's salary | 250,000 |
| Purchases of raw materials | 3,250,000 |
| Property taxes (75% factory, 25% office) | 100,000 |
| Depreciation (90% factory, 10% office) | 1,700,000 |
| Repairs and maintenance (95% factory, 5% office) | 200,000 |
| Utilities expense (90% factory, 10% office) | 600,000 |
| Sales revenue | 10,300,000 |

Required:

Based on the information above:

a) Prepare a schedule of cost of goods manufactured.

(11.5 marks)

b) Prepare a schedule of cost of goods sold.

(2.5 marks)

c) Prepare an income statement (assuming a tax rate of 25%.)

(11 marks)

(Total 25 marks)

QUESTION 3

HA

Sukaria Sdn Bhd's projected profit for the coming year is as follows:

| | Total | Per Unit |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Sales | RM200,000 | RM20 |
| Total variable cost | <u> 120,000</u> | 12 |
| Contribution margin | RM 80,000 | <u>RM 8</u> |
| Total fixed cost | 64,000 | |
| Operating income | <u>RM 16,000</u> | |

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Required:

a) Compute the variable cost ratio. Compute the contribution margin ratio.

(4 marks)

b) Compute the break-even point in units.

(2.5 marks)

c) Compute the break-even point in sales(RM).

(2.5 marks)

d) How many units must be sold to earn a profit of RM30,000?

(2.5 marks)

e) Using the contribution margin ratio computed in (a), compute the additional profit that Sukaria Sdn Bhd would earn if sales were RM25,000 more than expected.

(2.5 marks)

f) For the projected level of sales, compute the margin of safety in sales (RM) and in ratio.

(4 marks)

g) Calculate the degree of operating leverage. Now suppose that Sukaria Sdn Bhd revises the forecast to show a 30 percent increase in sales over the original forecast. What is the percent change in operating income expected for the revised forecast? What is the total operating income expected by Sukaria Sdn Bhd after revising the sales forecast?

(7 marks)

(Total 25 marks)

QUESTION 4

Part A

Siberia Sdn Bhd is trying to establish the standard labour cost of a typical engine tune-up. The following data have been collected from time and motion studies conducted over the past month.

Actual time spent on the tune-up 1.0 hour Hourly wage rate RM16

Payroll taxes 10% of wage rate

Setup and downtime 10% of actual labour time Cleanup and rest periods 20% of actual labour time

Fringe benefits 25% of wage rate

Required:

a) Determine the standard direct labour hours per tune-up

(2.5 marks)

b) Determine the standard direct labour hourly rate.

(2.5 marks)

c) Determine the standard direct labour cost per tune-up.

(2 marks)

d) If a tune-up took 1.5 hours at the standard hourly rate, what was the direct labour quantity variance?

(3 marks)

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Part B

Lucky Sdn Bhd manufactures one product called tybos. The company uses a standard cost system and sells each tybo for RM8. At the start of monthly production, Lucky Sdn Bhd estimated 9,500 tybos would be produced in March. Lucky Sdn Bhd has established the following material and labour standards to produce one tybo:

| | Standard Quantity | Standard Price |
|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Direct materials | 2.5 kilograms | RM3 per kilogram |
| Direct labour | 0.6 hours | RM10 per hour |

During March 2016, the following activity was recorded by the company relating to the production of tybos:

- 1. The company produced 9,000 units during the month.
- 2. A total of 24,000 kilograms of materials were purchased at a cost of RM66,000.
- 3. A total of 24,000 kilograms of materials were used in production.
- 4. 5,000 hours of labour were incurred during the month at a total wage cost of RM55,000.

Required:

Compute the following variances for March for Lucky Sdn Bhd

a) Materials price variance

(3.5 marks)

b) Materials quantity variance

(4 marks)

c) Labour price variance

(3.5 marks)

d) Labour quantity variance

(4 marks)

(Total 25 marks)